



# On computational experiment analysis infrastructure

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# Computational experiment

## ➤ Characteristics

- Big datasets
- Complicated (complex) processing

## ➤ Science

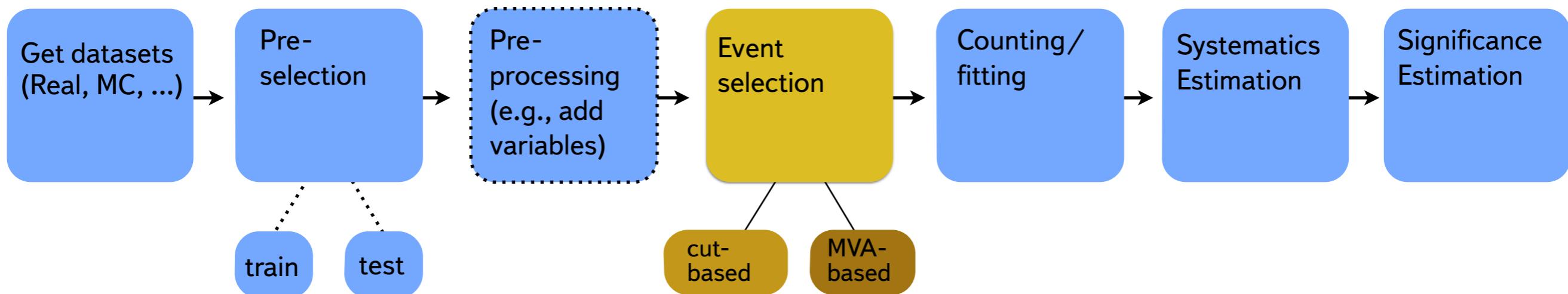
- HEP/Cosmology
- Neuro-medicine
- Microbiology/Genetics

## ➤ Industry

- predictive modeling (machine learning)
- analysis & reporting

# Quest for sensitivity

## Analysis Value Chain

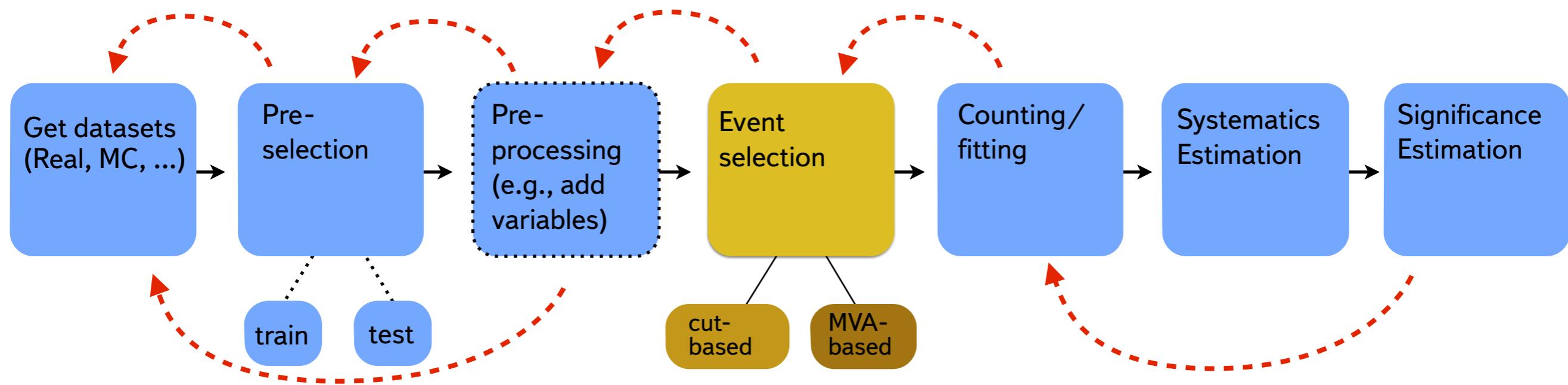


# Complexity indicators

- › ‘I can’t remember which version of the code I used to generate figure 13’
- › ‘The new student wants to reuse that model I published three years ago but he can’t reproduce the figures’
- › ‘I thought I used the same parameters but I’m getting different results!?’
- › ‘It worked yesterday!’
- › ‘Why did I do that?’
- › ‘Where are events selected with previous version of reconstruction software?’

# Analysis complexity

Case:  $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$  (LHCb)



Repeat count:  $10^2$        $10^2$        $10^3$        $10^2$        $10^2$        $10^2$

Trained models: ~1500

Requires dedicated framework!

# Complexity sources

- › Domain
- › Datasources
- › Analysis strategy (<http://bit.ly/SqDDE4>)
- › Analysis step details
- › (Distributed) team communication

# Yandex vision

software infrastructure to support a collaborative ecosystem for computational science. It is a solution for team of researchers that allows

- › running computational experiments on big shared datasets,
- › obtaining reproducible and repeatable results,
- › comparing measurable result consistently.

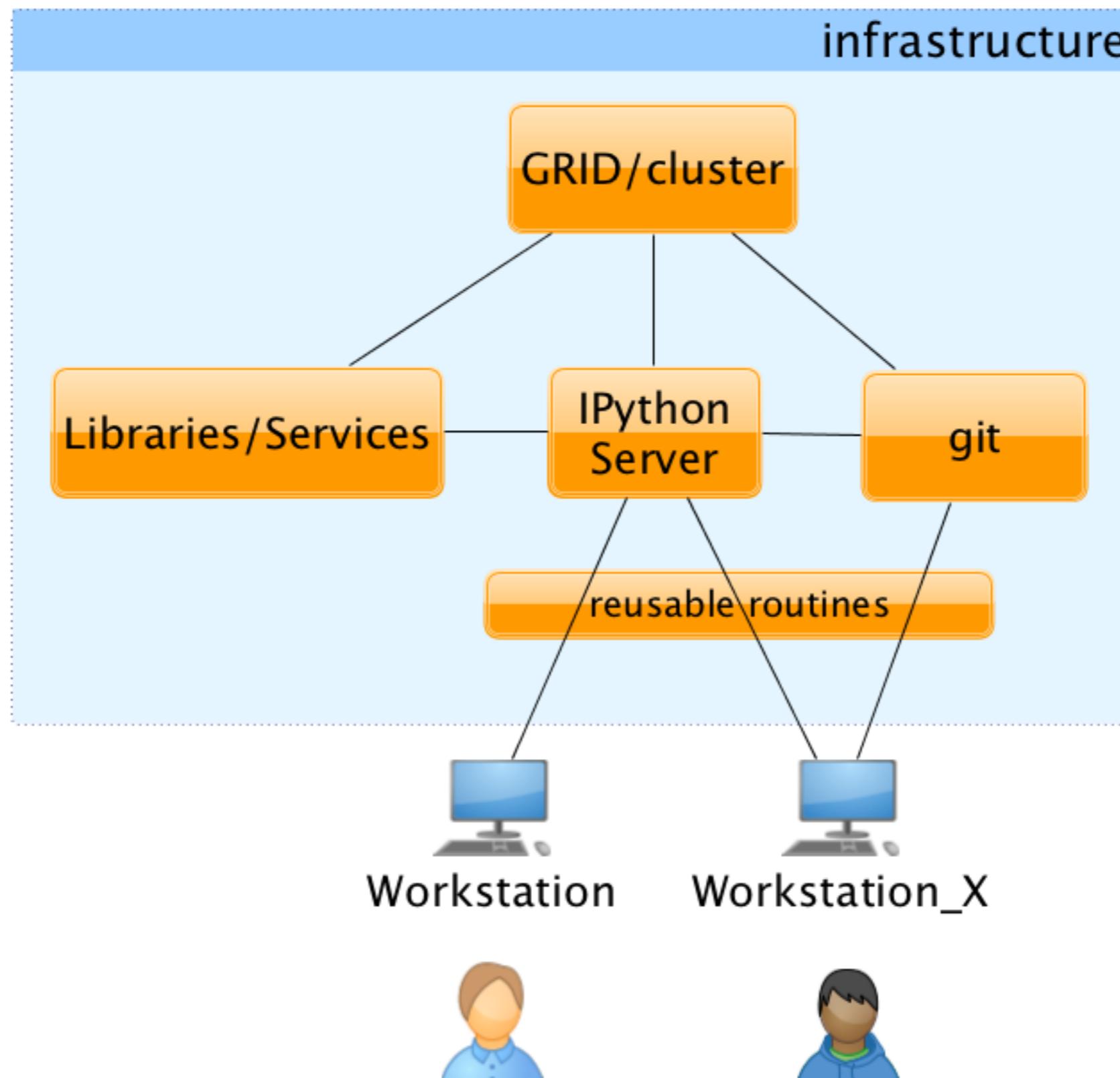
# Requirements

- › Analysis automation/code reusability
- › Consistent cross-checks
- › Online visual shared environment
- › Reproducibility (provisioning)
- › Standard modules support (ROOT, RooFit)
- › Scalability
- › [flat learning curve]

# Ideal workflow

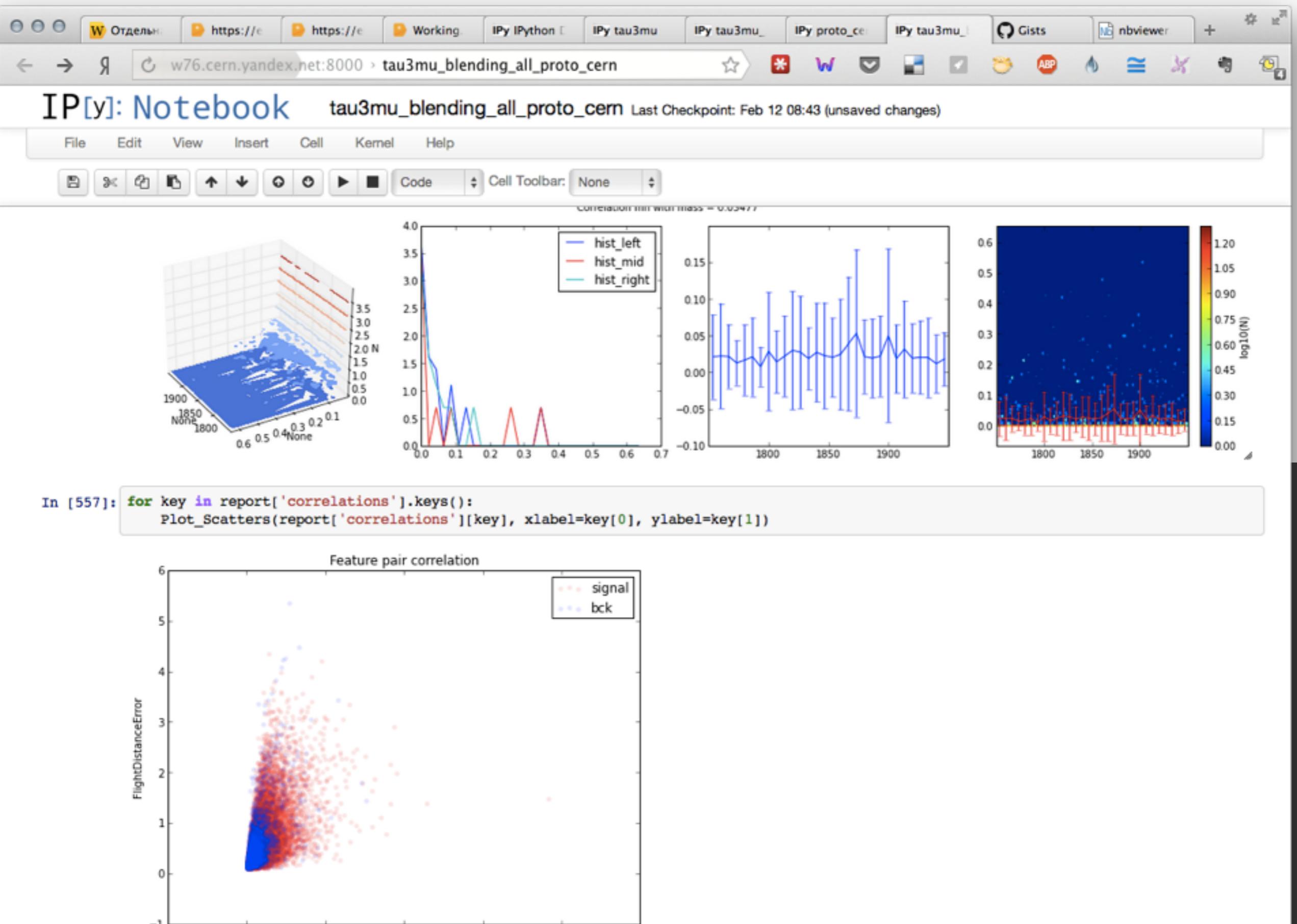
- › Prerequisites
  - Git, JIRA, access to computation cluster
- › Data preparation
  - MC, real data, stripping to be used
- › Analysis strategy definition
- › Routines code/modules
- › Notebooks to play with code/data
- › Analysis preservation
  - analysis note, code/data/environment

# Components Diagram

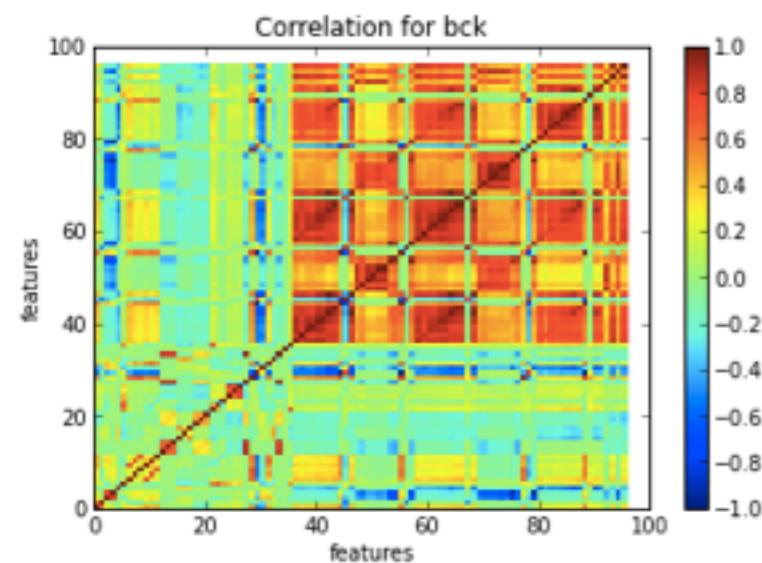
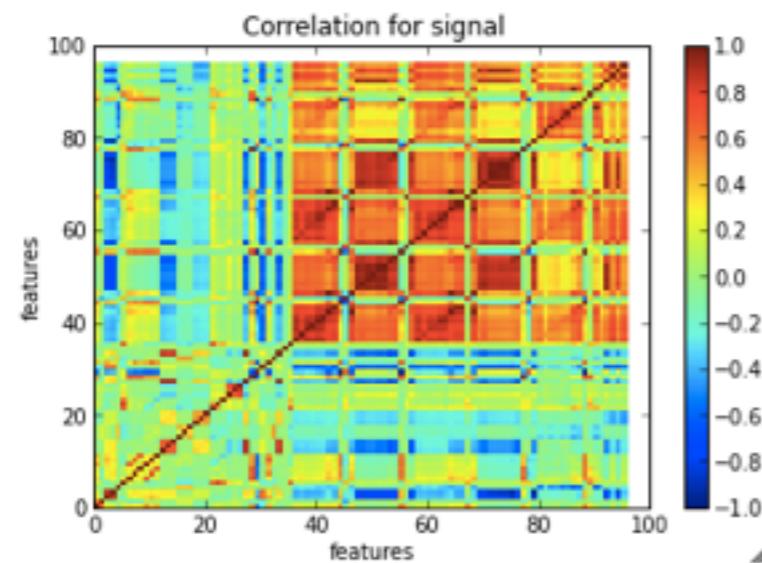


# Existing pieces

- › IPython (<http://bit.ly/1h7zK2d>, <http://bit.ly/1jQ1vaC>)
- › Event Filter (<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCb/EventFilterHowtos>)
  - TMVA, MatrixNet, ...
- › Support for:
  - ROOT, PyROOT, scikit-learn, ...
- › JIRA (<https://its.cern.ch/jira/browse/BSTOFOURMU>)
- › Run on lxplus or CERNVM



```
In [547]: for key in report['feature_correlation'].keys():
    Plot_ColorMap(report['feature_correlation'][key], figsize=(6, 4), title='Correlation for ' + key)
```



# Evaluation

- ›  $B_s \rightarrow 4\mu$
- ›  $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \mu^-$
- ›  $B \rightarrow \overline{K^*} \mu^+ \mu^-$
- ›  $B_u \rightarrow J/\psi K K \pi$
- › uniform efficiency classifier (extension of Mike Williams' uBoost)

# Next steps

- › Provenance tracking (environment tracking, data)
- › Running analysis jobs using modern distributed architectures (e.g. LSF, Hadoop, Impala, Drill)
- › Analysis workflow visual representation / management
- › Analysis preservation
- › Integration with EventIndex for event retrieval

# Conclusion

- › Development is aligned with real analysis needs
- › Prototype for a broader analysis ecosystem. Inspired by real industry case
- › Start with Event Filter ([https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/  
view/LHCb/EventFilterHowtos](https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCb/EventFilterHowtos))
- › Open-source, supposed to be fun
- › Welcome to join! (cases?)