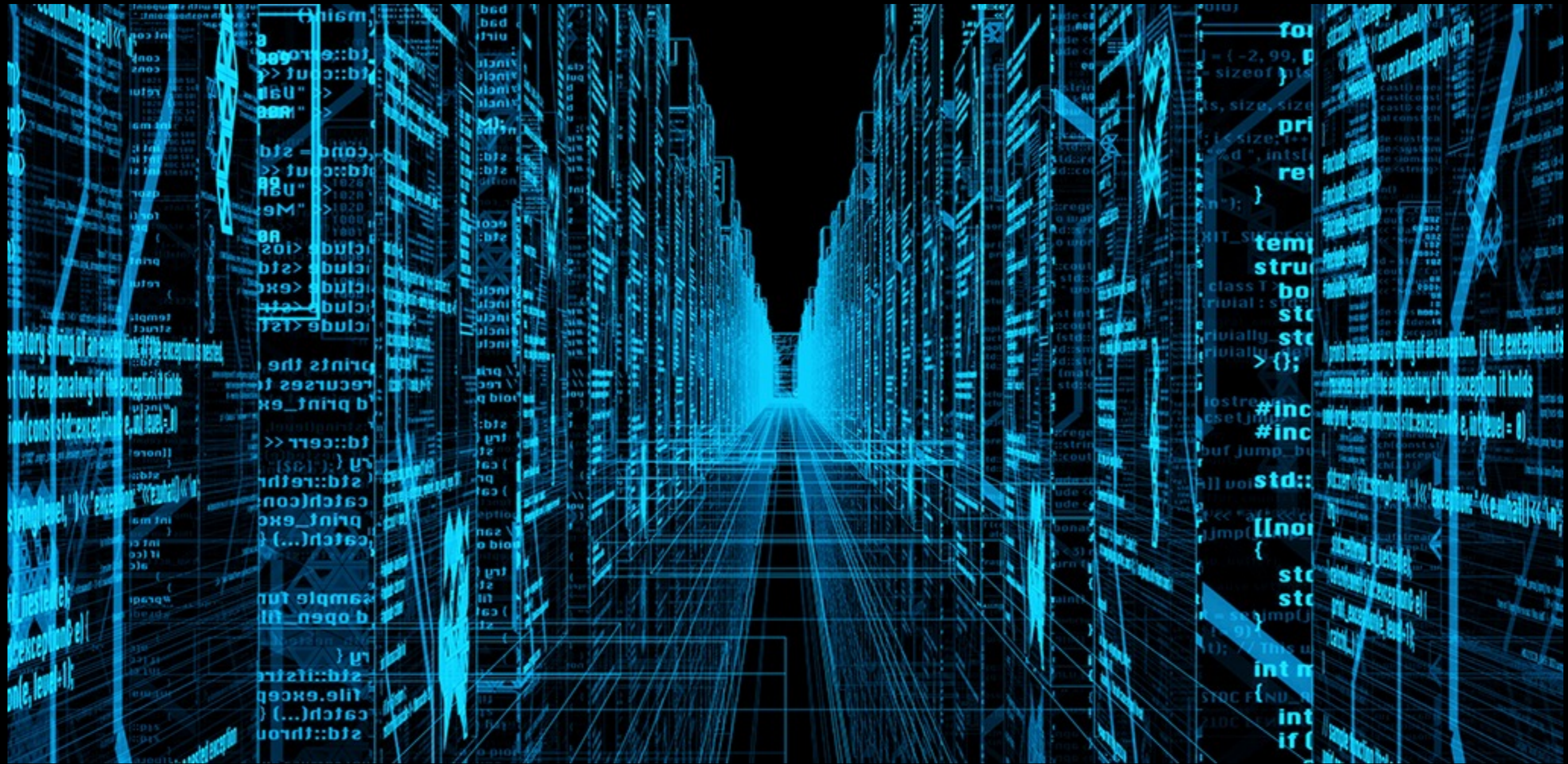


Storage Challenges



2016 Hepix Spring
DESY, Zeuthen



Xavier Espinal
on behalf of IT/ST



DAQ to CC
8GB/s+4xReco ALICE

Reliable

Fast Processing
DAQ Feedback loop

Hot files

WAN aware
Tier-1/2 replica, multi-site

High throughput to tape
350+MB/s/drive - 12GB/s Pb-Pb

back-up

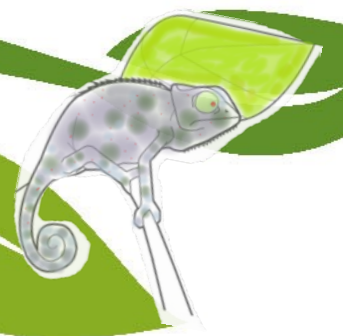
Filesystem 'feeling'
\$HOME, SW-dist, Data

Consistent

∞

Few fast streams
CDR 2x40Gbps

Non-LHC and Local
Less structured, small communities
Unexpected usage Catalogue=Namespace



disk and gc?

Endpoint Mounts
ie. /atlas in the WNs

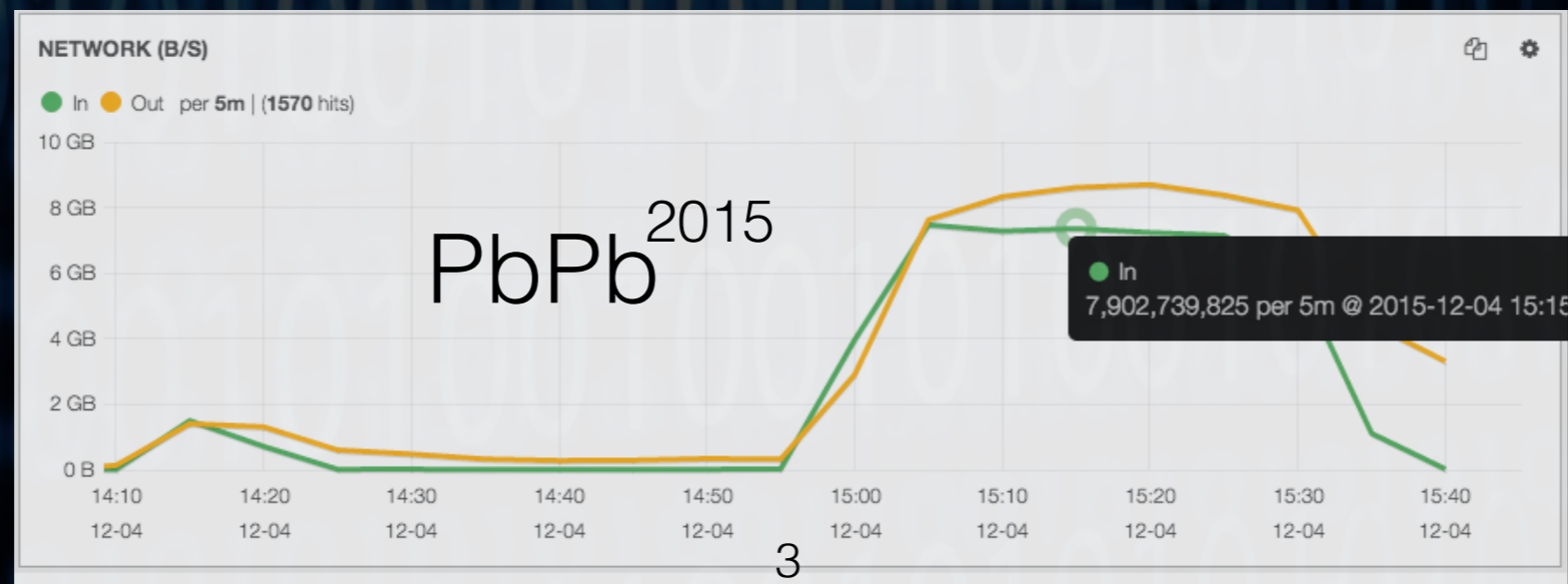
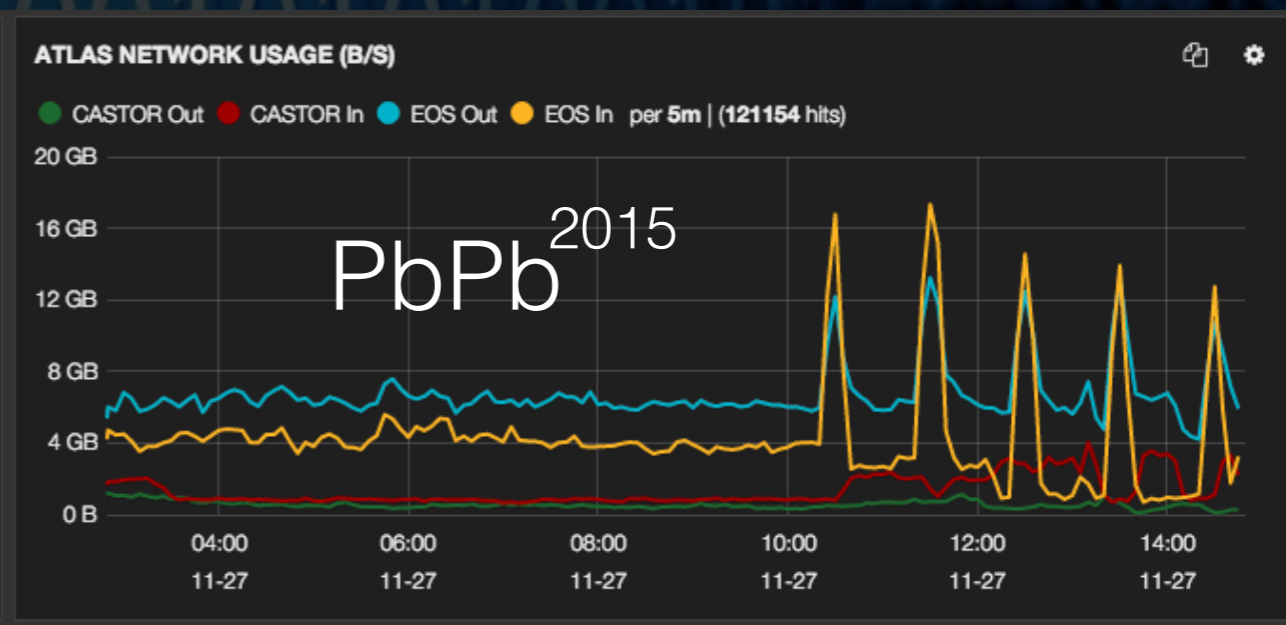
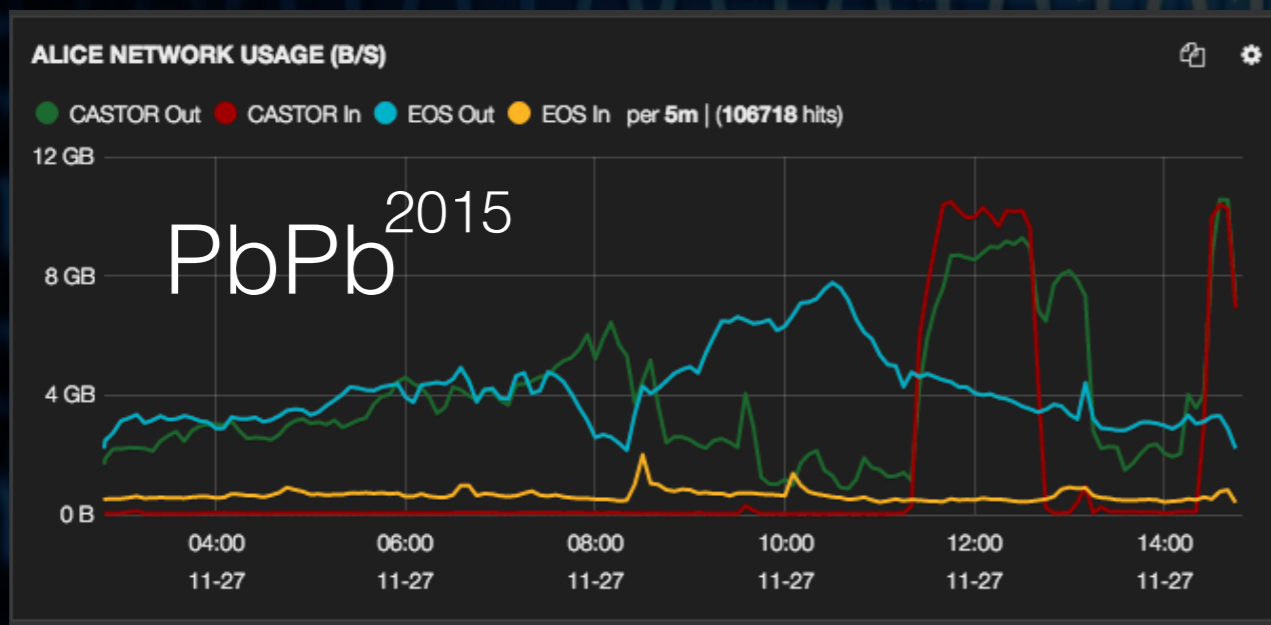
Many slow clients
Repro, reco, analysis constant >20k CMS

Evolved to
Tape oriented system

Key feature
Per stream speed

Biggest scientific-repo worldwide 138PB and +500M files
High throughput from DAQ, high throughput to tape

Moved from Raid1 to Raid60 (100MB/s to >350MB/s per stream)
Evaluating common disk layer
Tape policies, per experiment/user/group resources

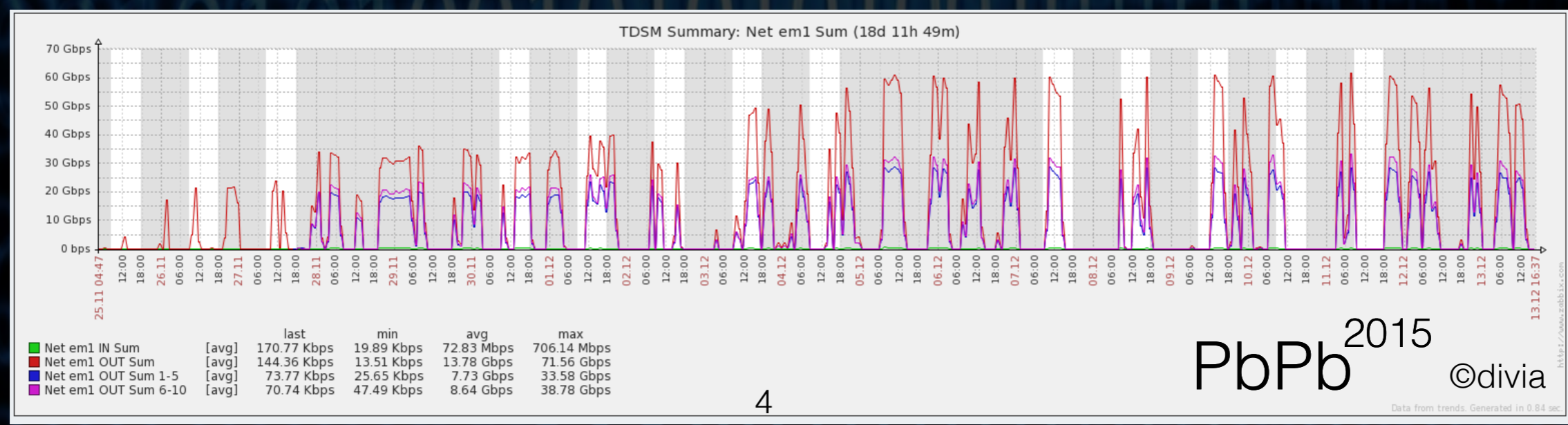
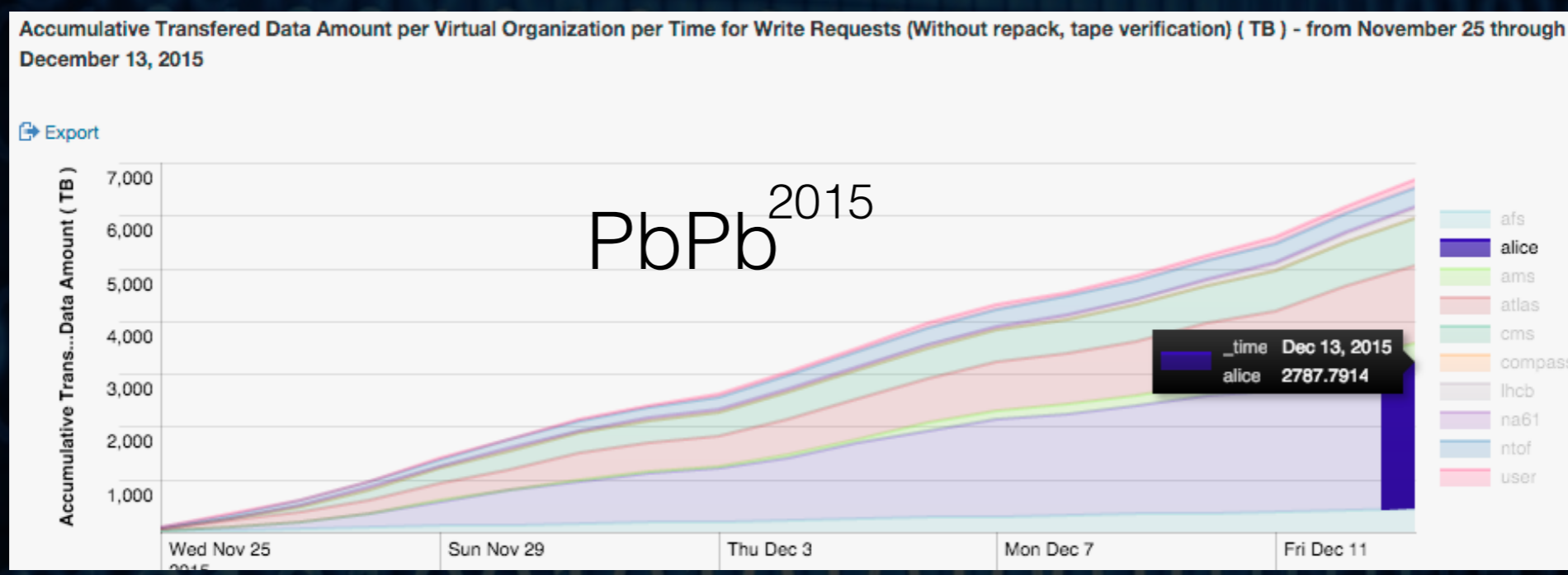


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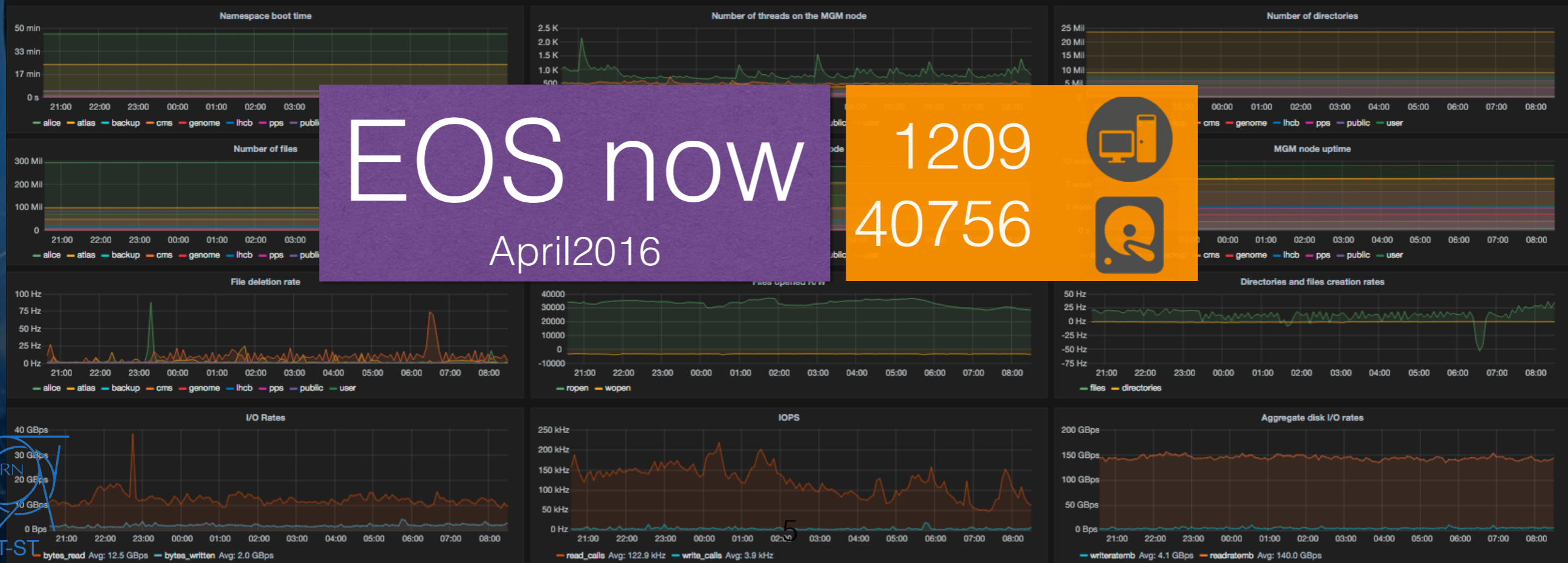
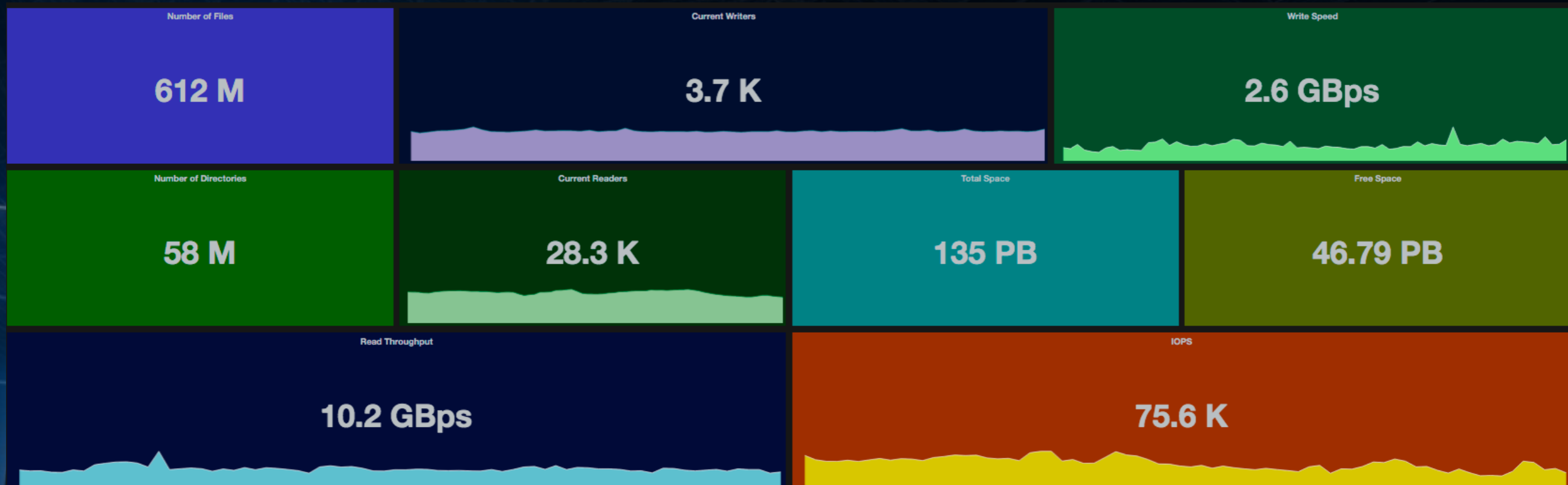
EB era

Scaling well on #disks
Performant and manageable
Main storage platform

NS future

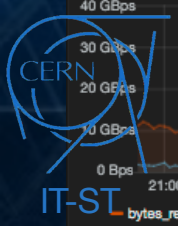
Fast and consistent
Horizontally scalable (no single box limitation)
zero boot time

Core Systems



EOS now
April 2016

1209
40756





made@CERN

Designed and tailored for experiments needs

Experts in-house: Adapt when required
Re-design if needed

Being used outside: Fermilab, Russia-T1, EsNET, Aarnet
Openlab/COMTRADE JRC, Univ. Vienna, INFN-Trieste

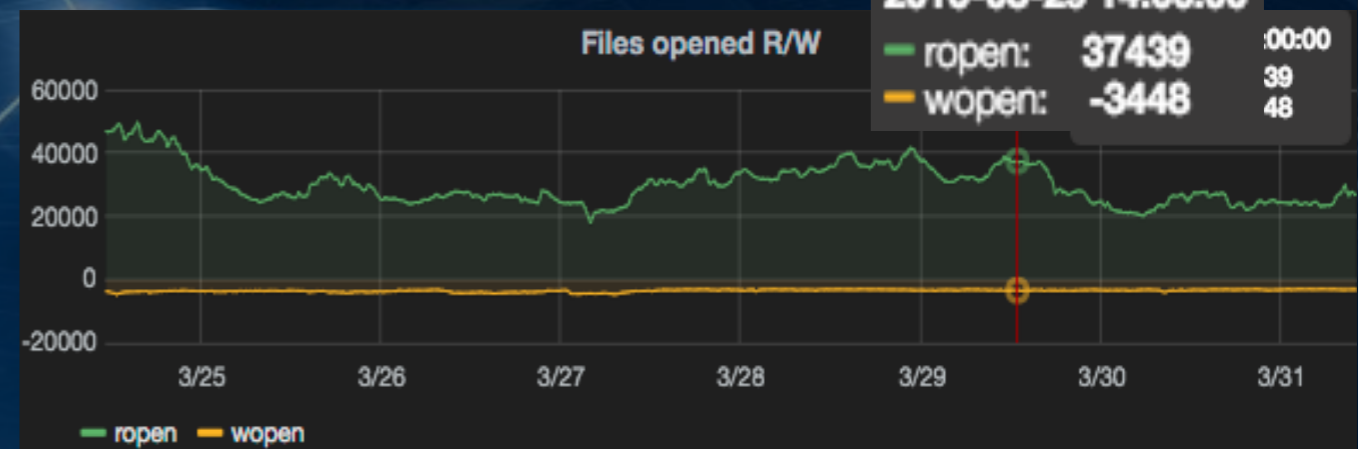
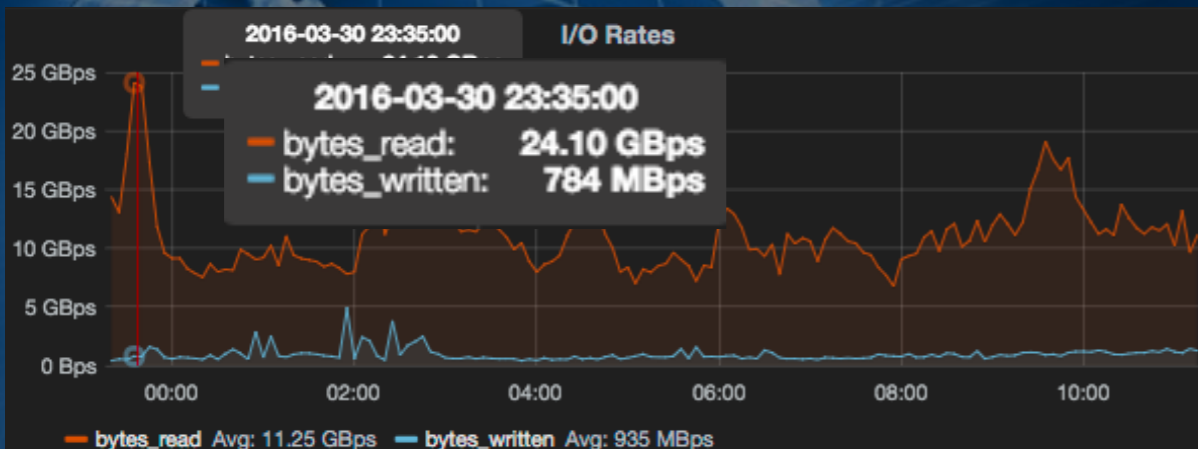
Adaptable

Catering with different uses

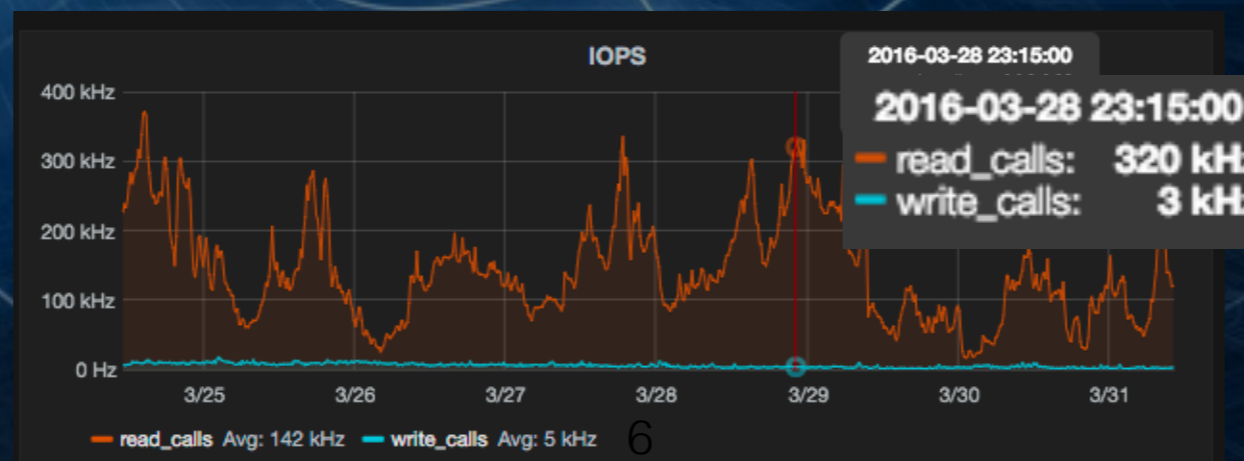
CDR
Data processing
User Analysis
CernBOX

Community data

DmaaS (iJupyter)
Sync share

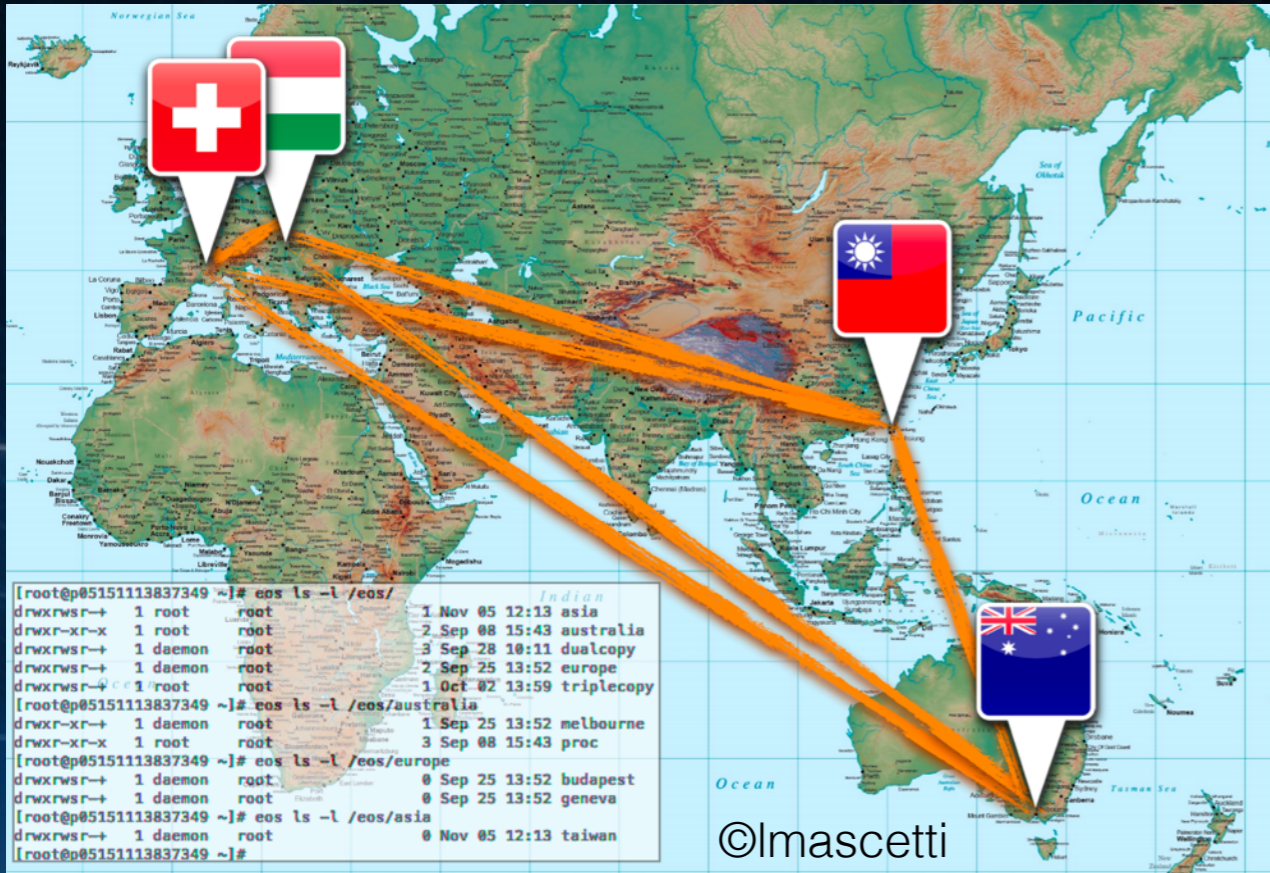


Future Shared FS ? more later...





Can go distributed, can be shared and synced



Clients delocalization Used from 22 ms to 300 ms

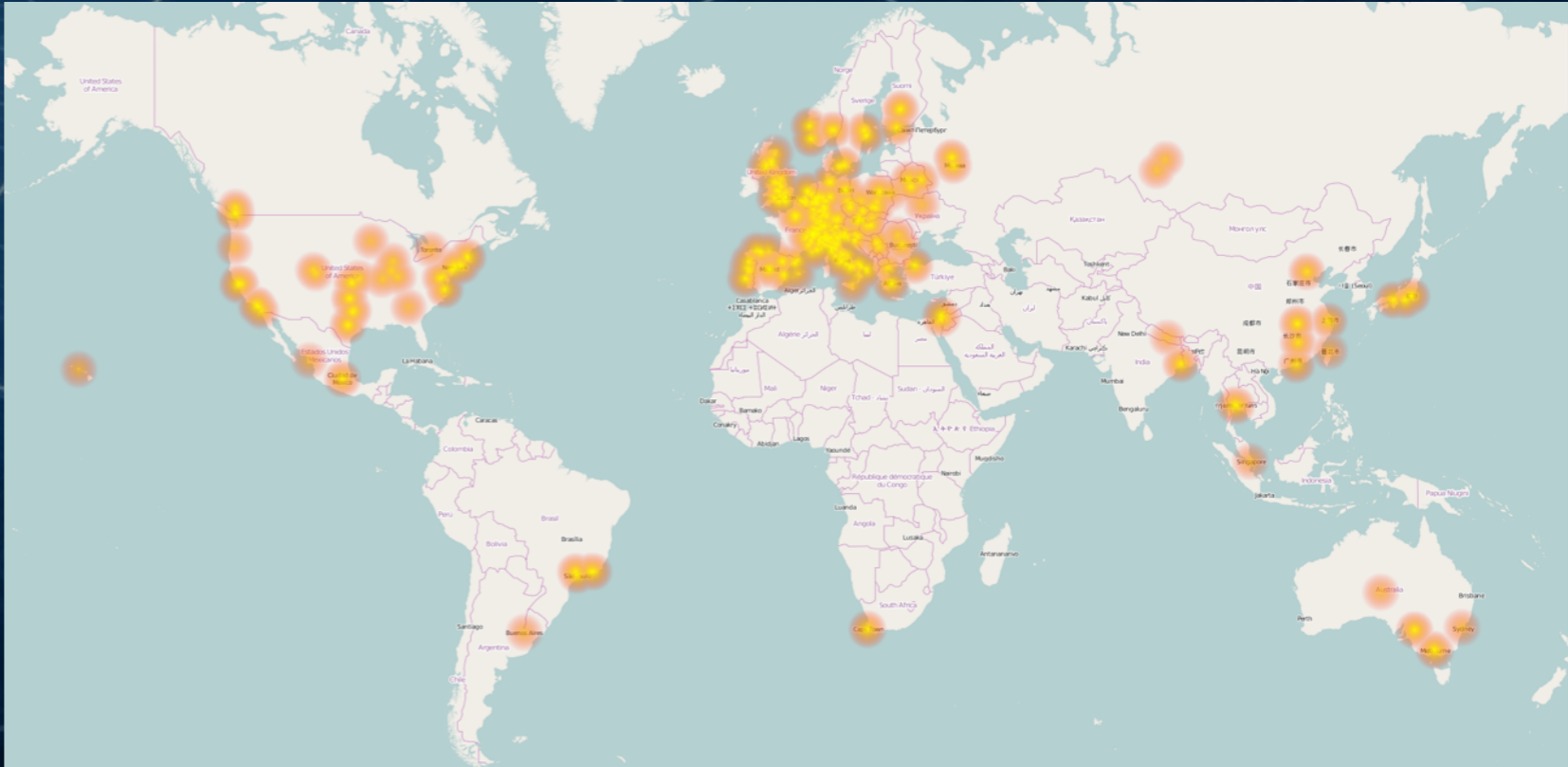
Multi-site deployment

```
[root@p05151113837349 ~]# eos ls -l /eos/
drwxrwsr+ 1 root root 1 Nov 05 12:13 asia
drwxr-xr-x 1 root root 2 Sep 08 15:43 australia
drwxrwsr+ 1 daemon root 3 Sep 28 10:11 dualcopy
drwxrwsr+ 1 daemon root 2 Sep 25 13:52 europe
drwxrwsr+ 1 root root 1 Oct 02 13:59 triplecopy
[root@p05151113837349 ~]# eos ls -l /eos/australia
drwxr-xr+ 1 daemon root 1 Sep 25 13:52 melbourne
drwxr-xr-x 1 root root 3 Sep 08 15:43 proc
[root@p05151113837349 ~]# eos ls -l /eos/europe
drwxrwsr+ 1 daemon root 0 Sep 25 13:52 budapest
drwxrwsr+ 1 daemon root 0 Sep 25 13:52 geneva
[root@p05151113837349 ~]# eos ls -l /eos/asia
drwxrwsr+ 1 daemon root 0 Nov 05 12:13 taiwan
[root@p05151113837349 ~]#
```

Community data share
Dmaas (iJupyter) Sync



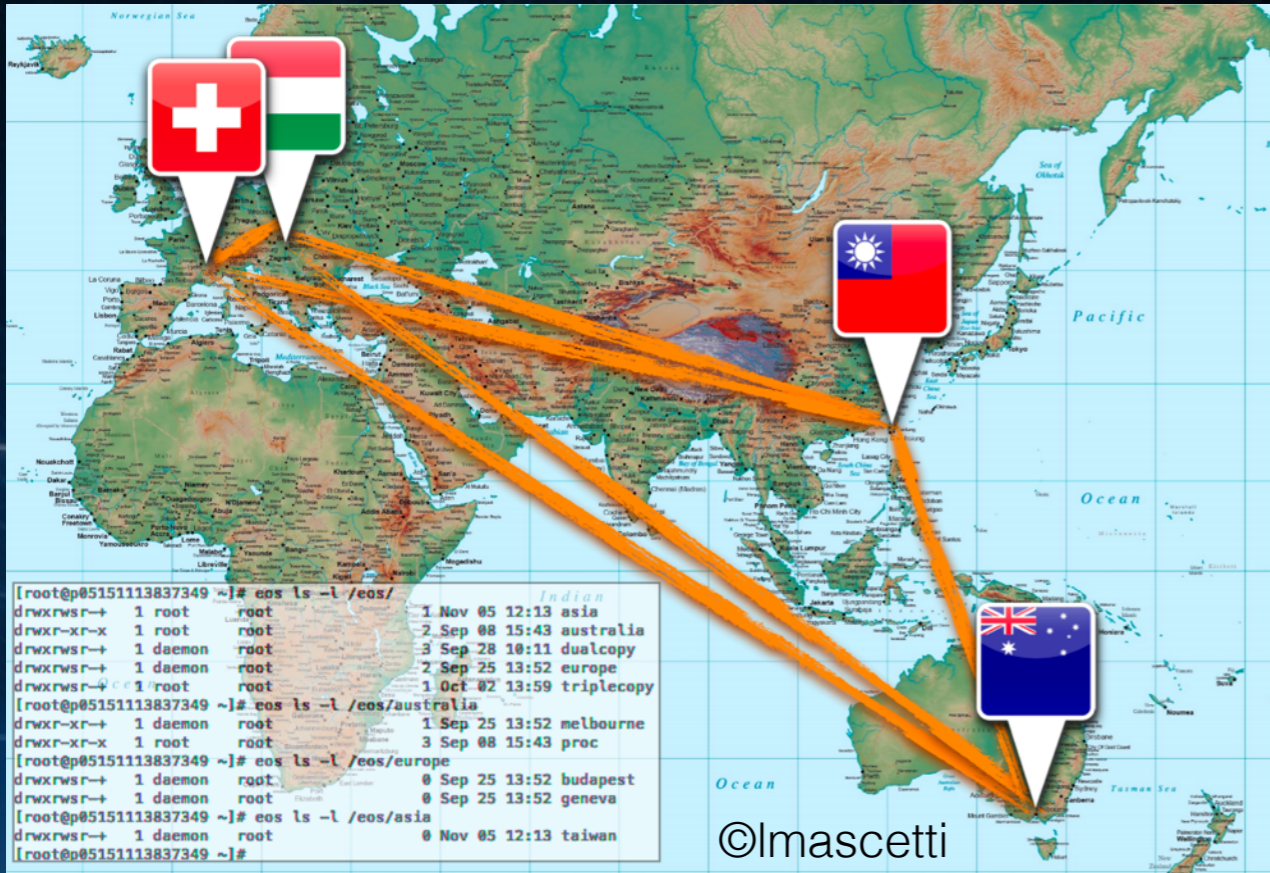
Users	4719
# files	70 Million
# dirs	9 Million
Quota	1TB/user
Used Space	125 TB
Deployed Space	1.5 PB



Nov-15



Can go distributed, can be shared and synced



Clients delocalization Used from 22 ms to 300 ms

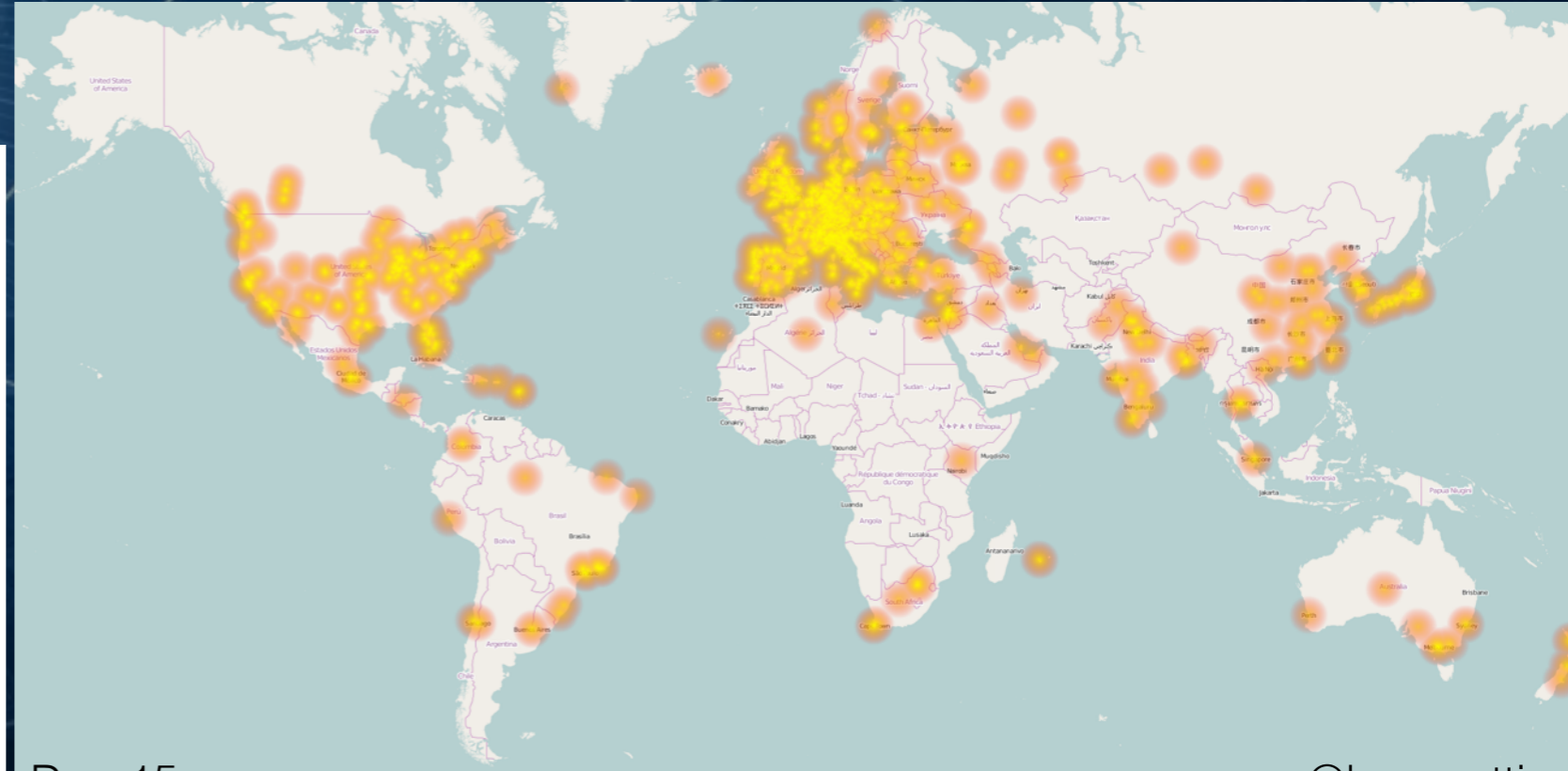
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Community data share
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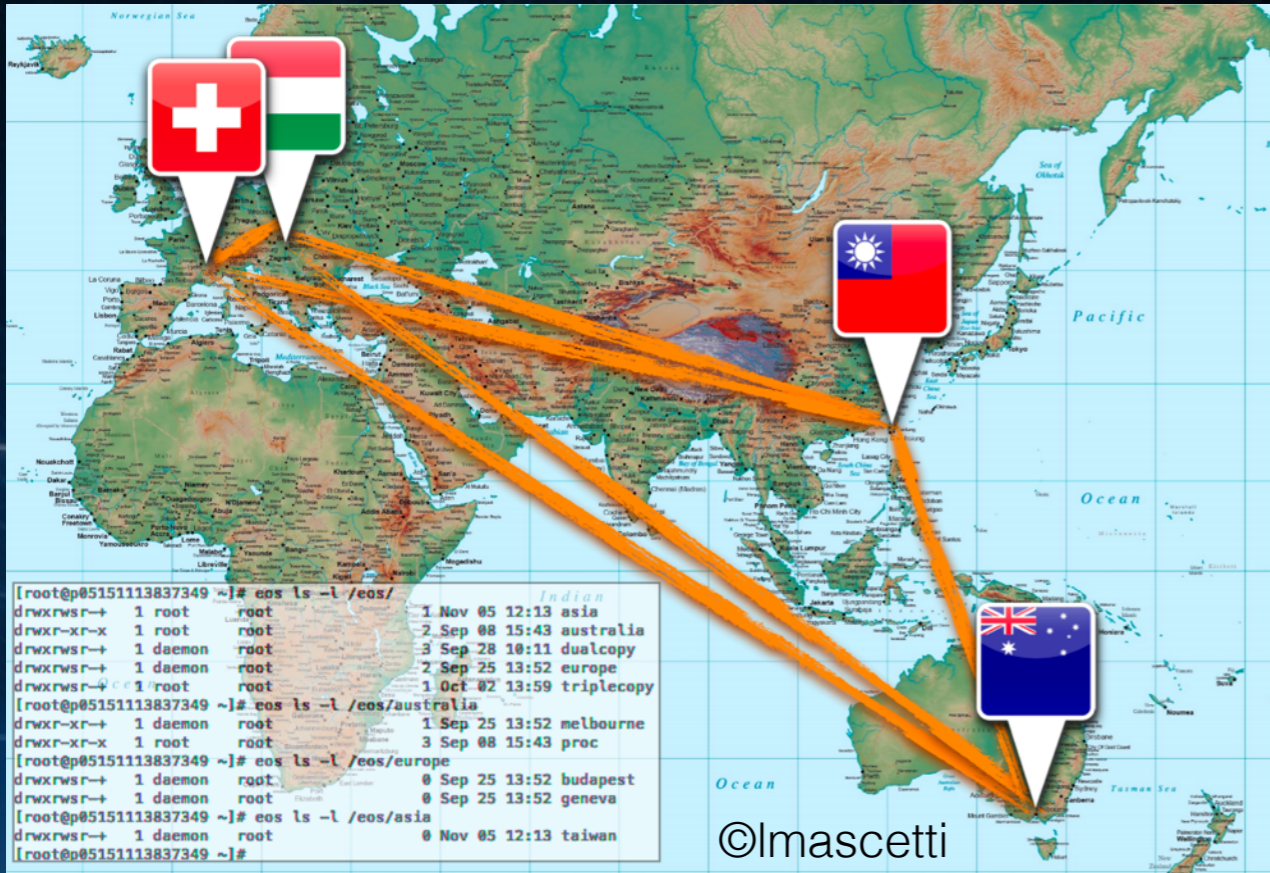
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Dec-15



Can go distributed, can be shared and synced



Clients delocalization
Multi-site deployment

Used from
22 ms
to
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Community data
Dmaas (Jupyter) share
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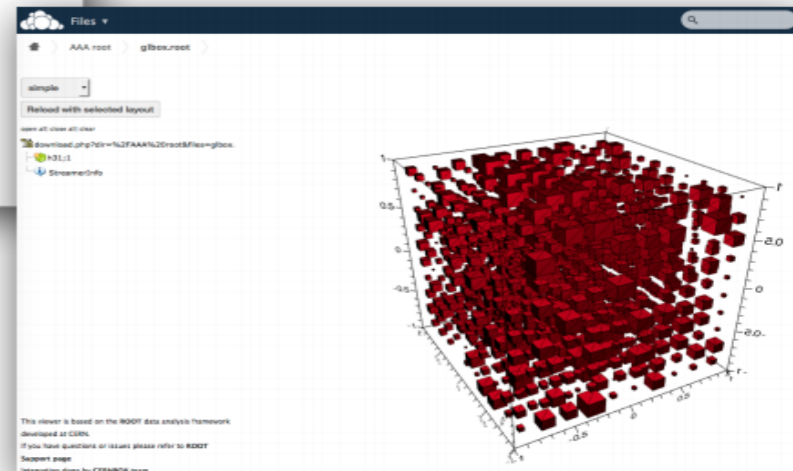


Embedded ROOT Viewer

©dpiparo



The viewer is based on the ROOT data analysis framework developed at CERN by PH-SFT.



BLOCK STORAGE

Core Systems



Openstack VM
Cinder Volumes
S3

RADOS^{FS}

File stripper
CASTOR backend
Under evaluation

Large contribution
Community

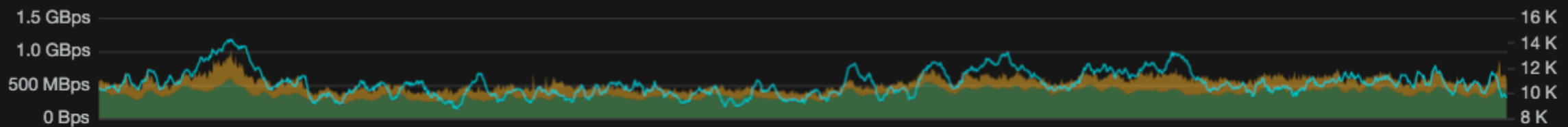
Code
development
CERN-IT/ST

Largest Cluster **30PB**
Deployed to date
40k OSDs

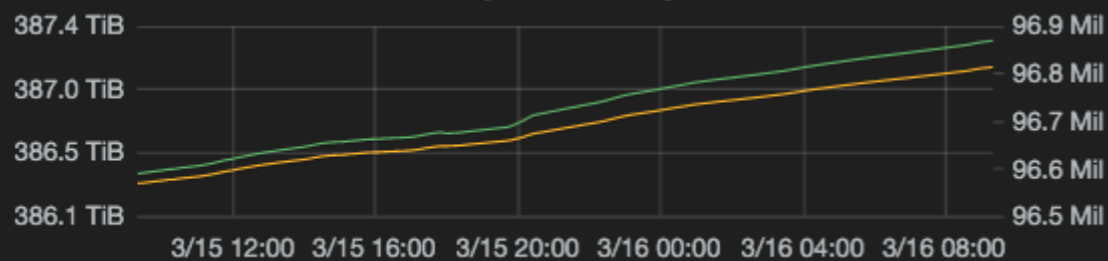
Multi-site
In production
3PB@wigner
1PB@meyrin

2870 images

2037 volumes



Used space and objects

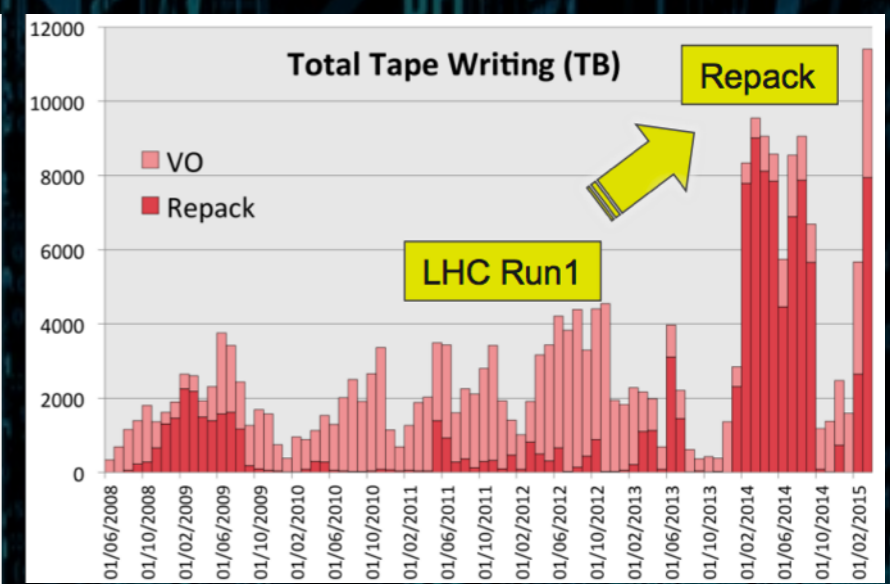
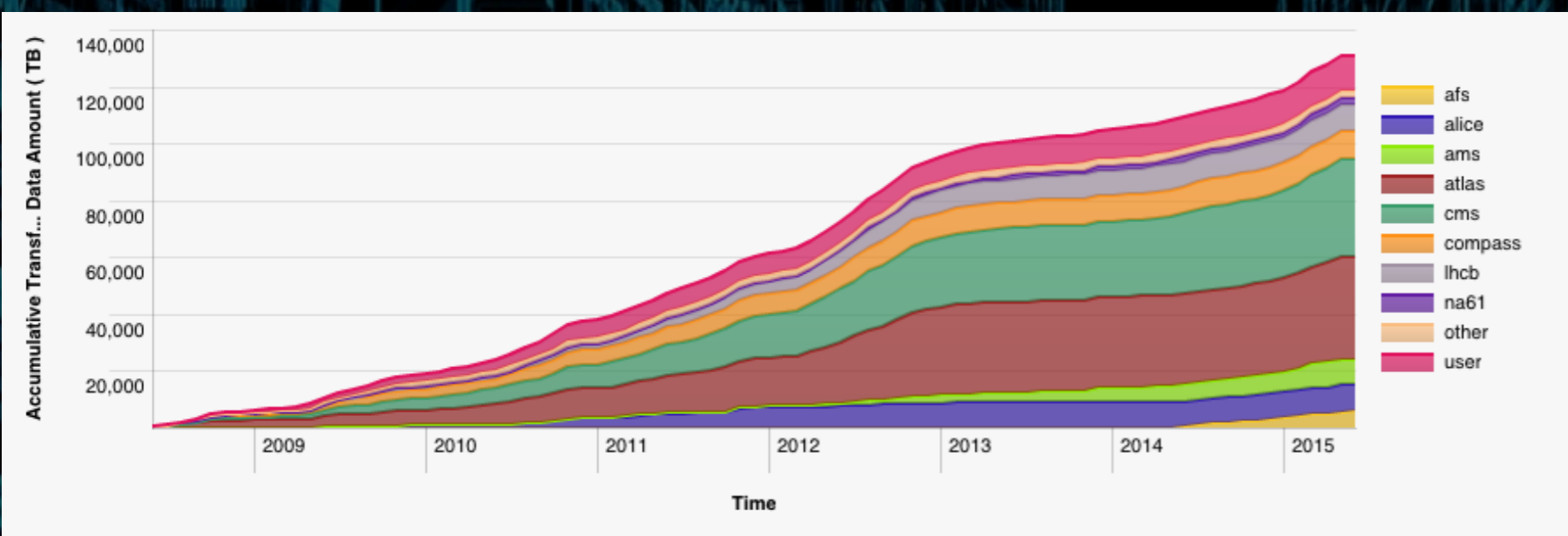


Used space derivative



CERN Tape Archive

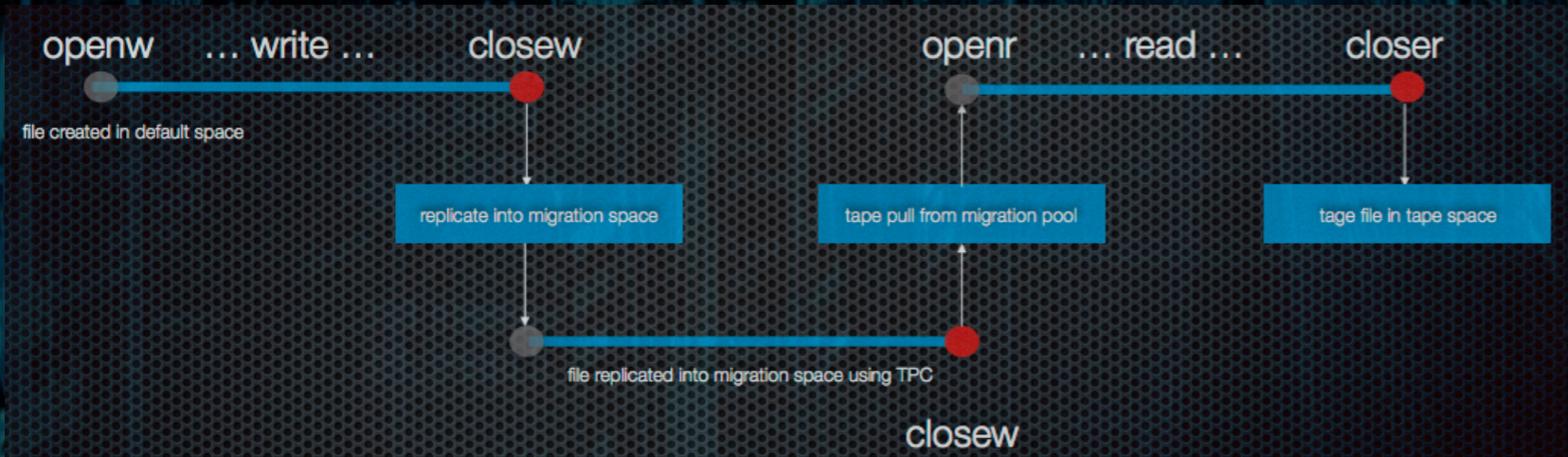
Technology driven: new medias brings ↑ density ↑ speed
 Towards a pluggable tape backend (EOS)
 Cold by definition: high throughput, high latency



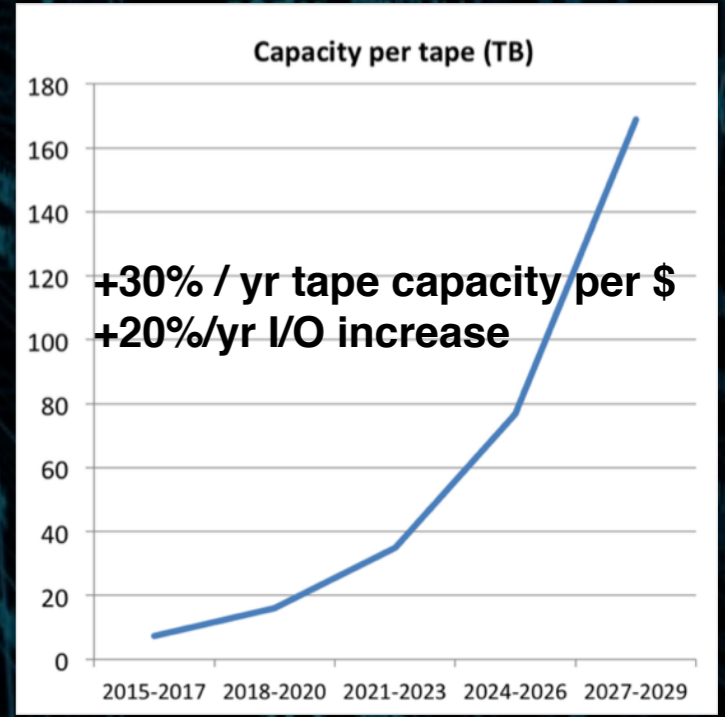
Tape best technology for data repositories: TCO

media
power
density

and resilient/reliable
very large disk caches nowadays

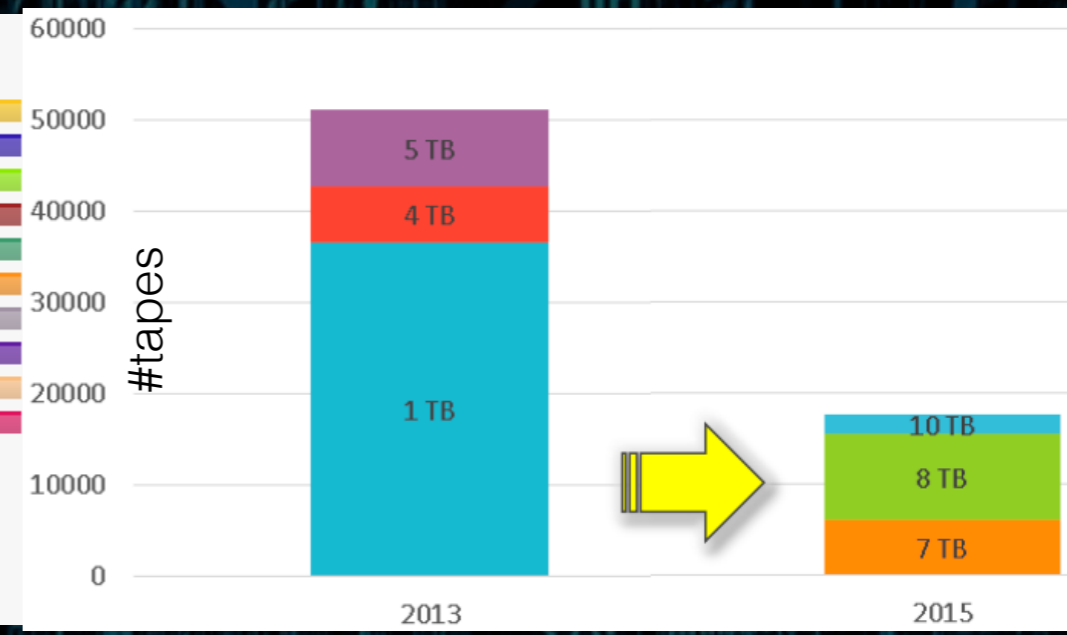
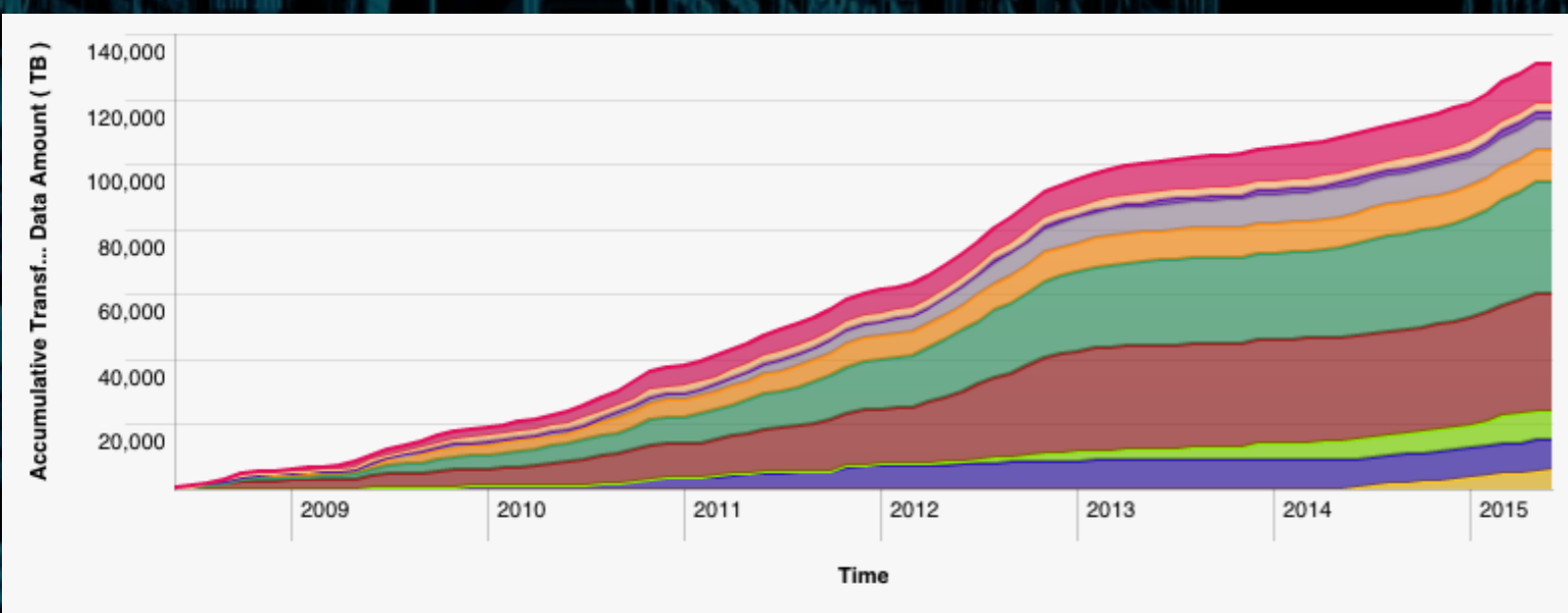


Cross-system workflows



CERN Tape Archive

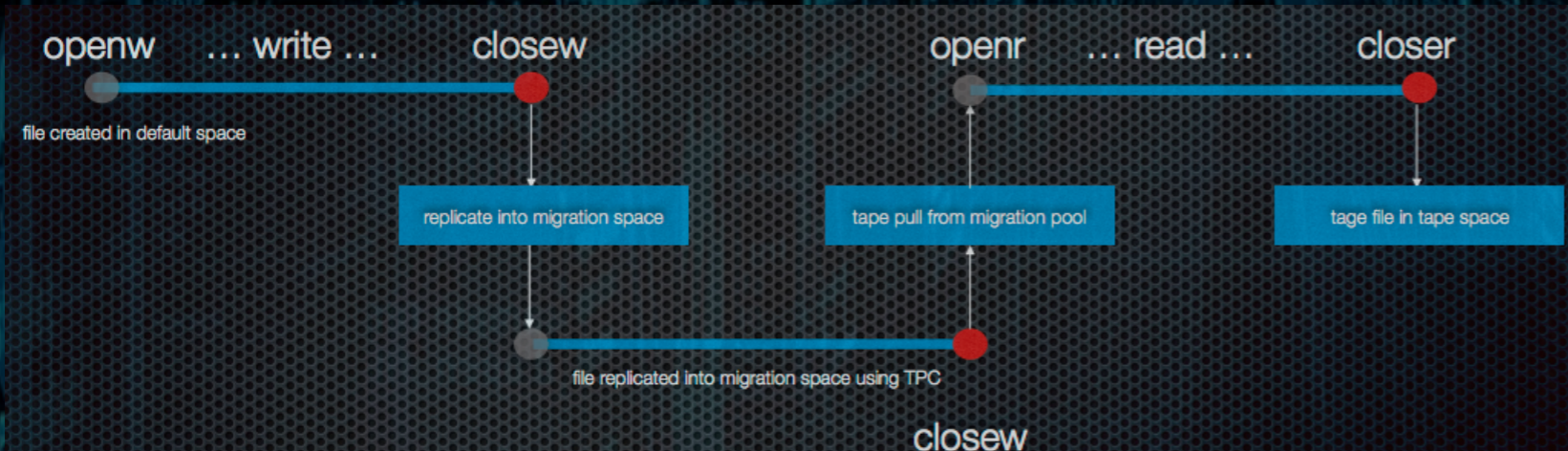
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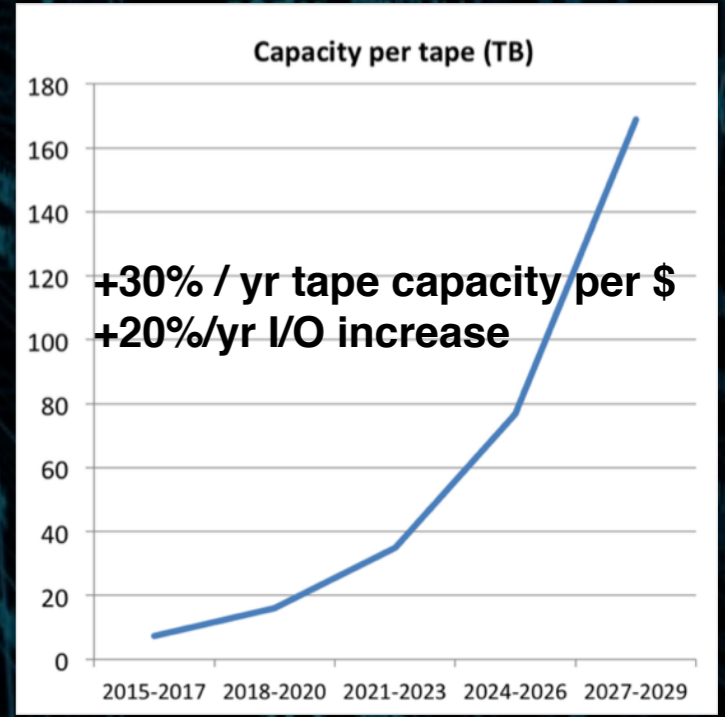
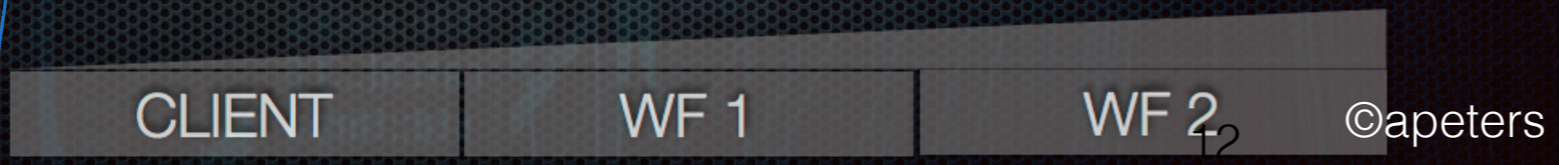
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Cross-system workflows



Goals

Make data access easy

My Laptop

Small scale analysis
Test jobs

^{\$home}
AFS

/cvmfs

batch/interactive services

Large scale experiment processing
User extensive analysis

protocols
(xrdcp,rfio,*)

Data Access

Main experiment data repositories

Goals

Make data access easy

My Laptop

Small scale analysis
Test jobs

batch/interactive services

Large scale experiment processing
User extensive analysis

Data Access

Main experiment data repositories

Mounts

squids
/cvmfs/athena

fuse
/mycernbox

fuse
/eos/atlas

AFS ^{\$home}

Goals

Make data access easy

My Laptop

Small scale analysis
Test jobs

batch/interactive services

Large scale experiment processing
User extensive analysis

Mounts

squids
/cvmfs/athena

fuse
/mycernbox

fuse
/eos/atlas

Data Access

Main experiment data repositories



EOS CERNBOX does “*your files*” /cernbox/jdoe
EOS “*experiment*” does “*big data*” /eos/lhcb
Different QoS, different patterns, overlaps

Goals

Make Analysis Simple

Physicist code: **topmass.kumac** on his laptop on **/mycernbox** and sync'd via **cernbox** client



He/she submits jobs to lxbatch/wlcbg to **process** the data
EOS Fuse: **/eos/atlas/phys-top**
EOS Fuse: **/mycernbox/topmass.kumac**
Experiment SW: **/cvmfs/athena**

Results (ntuples) aggregated on **/mycernbox/topmass** are **synced** on his laptop as the **if desired** jobs are being completed



Share on the fly:
n-tuples
Final plots
Publication
via **/mycernbox**



is the enabling technology binding all this

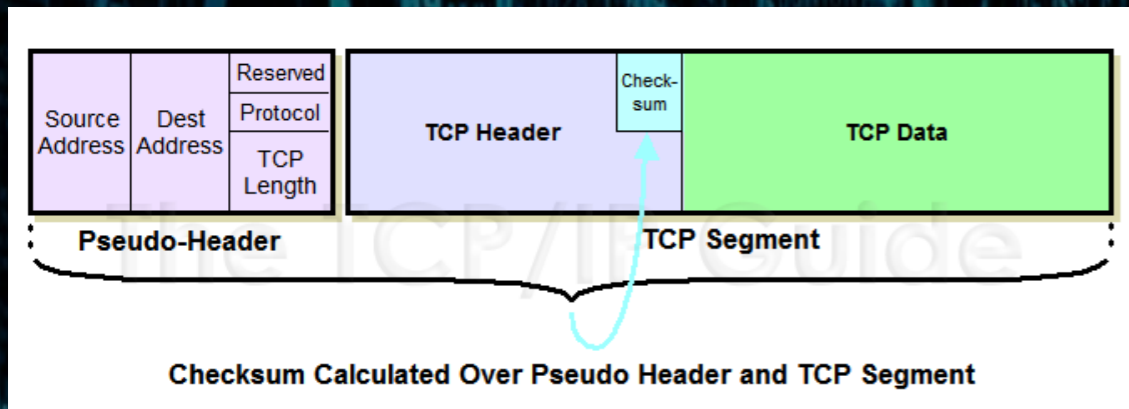
Multi QoS Access patterns Protocols Redundancy

Before concluding...

DATA CORRUPTION

Adler32?

Found corrupted files after an incident caused by a faulty router



Brute force retransmits eventually went through due to TCP checksum collision

adler32 effectively gives less than 32-bits of verification power on file transfers affected by TCP checksum collisions

(atlas) 7.8K files, 11 TB were staged in from T1 tapes for a md5 comparison, 17 corruptions with a colliding adler32 and a different md5 checksum → 0.22% silent corruption rate

Observed corruption probability of 0.22% → 2^{-9} (wrt. 2^{-32})

<http://cern.ch/go/wr8j>

Ensure a coherent development and operation of storage services at CERN for all aspects of physics data

Keep developing and operating Storage Services for Physics at the highest level

Communicating
Understanding
Delivering

Keep the ability to adapt and react fast

Problem/solution
Ask/Implement
In-house knowhow

Evaluate and investigate evolutions in technologies for better service/\$

More for less
Operational costs
New applications

“Envision“ new models on data mananagement and analysis

LHC@myPC
Sync&Share
DmaaS

